



### Serves

- As the Congressional library
  - Founded in 1800 as a legislative library for the Congress
  - Originally housed in a room in U.S. Capitol
  - \$5000 worth of legal books, maps, charts
  - Today the Congressional Research Service works exclusively for the U.S. Congress
- As the national library
- As an archival institution



# Today

- · Approximately 3,300 permanent staff
- Twenty-two reading rooms
- · Three buildings on Capitol Hill
- Packard Campus in Virginia for Motion Picture, Broadcast, and Recorded Sound
- Remote storage in several locations
- More than 155 million items in all formats
  - Books and print items, recordings, photographs, maps, sheet music, manuscripts...
  - Acquires about 11,000 items per working day

3



# <section-header> LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

# Multiple Programs and Activities

- Reading rooms and reference services
- Cataloging products
- Preservation services
- Digital collections, including web archiving
- Copyright Office
- Federal Library and Information Center
- National Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped
- NDIIPP
- Educational Outreach, etc.



### U.S. Government Collection Levels

- U.S. Federal publications
- ▶ Comprehensive
- State publications
- ► Research level
- County, regional, local publications
- **▶** Selective
- Native American tribal government publications
- **▶** Selective

5



# **LIBRARY OF CONGRESS**

### U.S. Government Publications Collection Policies

- LC collection policy statement:
  - Government Documents-U.S. (http://www.loc.gov/acq/devpol/standard.pdf)
- · LC collects comprehensively at federal level, but...
- Does not have everything...Excludes, for example:
  - Ephemeral publications (brochures, pamphlets)
  - Blank forms
  - Technical agricultural publications
  - Clinical medical works



#### U.S. Government Documents—Collection Procedures

- Most documents are fully cataloged
- · Catalog records are available in LC OPAC
- · Government serials are checked in
- Documents are integrated into Library's general and special collections
  - As dictated by call number, format
- Some special collections are either not cataloged or have collection level cataloging

7



## U.S. Government Documents-Acquisition

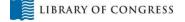
- Title 44, Section 5 of the U.S. Code:
  - Library of Congress shall receive up to 25 copies of all federal publications
  - Principal means of acquisition
- · GPO Depository Library program participant
- Purchase
- · Direct transfer from agencies
- Gift



## Major LC U.S. Government Collections

- Law Library:
  - U.S. legislative, legal, & regulatory materials
- · Geography & Map Division:
  - U.S. government maps, atlases, charts
- Prints & Photographs Division:
  - Collections such as Historic American Buildings Survey
- Science, Technology & Business Division
  - U.S. technical reports & standards
- Serial and Government Publications Division
  - Several special collections
- All collections have some U.S. government materials

9



# Serial and Government Publications Division

Newspaper and Current Periodical Reading Room







# Serial and Government Publications Division (SER)

U.S. Government Collections & Services

- Federal Depository Library Collection
- · Federal Advisory Committee Collection
- GPO Silver Master Microfiche Collection
- A center of reference for U.S. government information
- Recommending officers for acquisition of U.S. government publications

11



# U.S. Government Documents- GPO Depository Set

- SER became a federal depository library in 1977
- Depository collection duplicates and supplements the comprehensive general collection
- Selective depository (ca. 95%)
- SUDOC number arrangement
- · Latest ten years kept as special collection
- Weeded depository documents used to fill in gaps in other sections of the Library or for exchange
- Congressional Research Service is LC's other federal depository library (1978-)



# Federal Advisory Committee (FAC) Collection

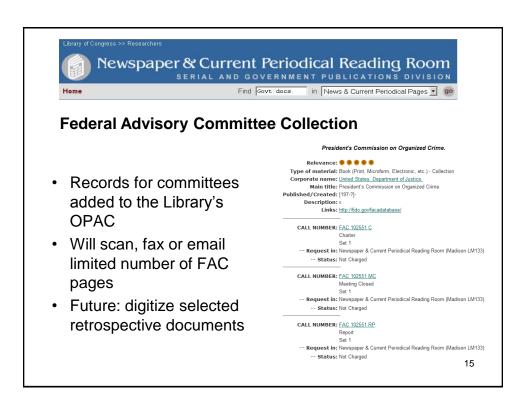
- · Is one-of-a-kind collection
- Consists of materials legally deposited with the Library of Congress under the Federal Advisory Committee Act of 1972 (FACA)
  - Public Law 92-463, as amended, 5 *United States Code*, Appendix
- Relates to committees of the executive branch
- Covers 1972 to present
- Permanently retained

13



# **Federal Advisory Committee Collection**

- Federal advisory committees
  - Are temporary committees, panels, commissions, etc.
  - Are a mix of government employees & private citizens
  - Advise federal government on specific topics
    - examples: health care, post-disaster analysis, national forests, space exploration
- Types of publications include charters, annual reports, special reports, meeting minutes







#### Print Master GPO Silver Microfiche

- Received periodically from GPO under a 1989 interagency agreement
- · Masters from which depository library copies were made
- Retained permanently
- Collection contains:
  - approximately 1,025,227 documents
  - publications 1976 to date
- NARA has the 1<sup>st</sup> generation master negative

17



#### **Print Master GPO Silver Microfiche**

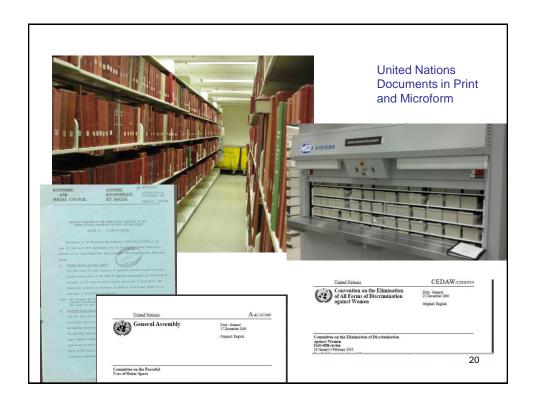
- Microform copies available from LC Photoduplication Service for fee
- •Copies used to replace microfiche in LC collections
- •Can be used for LC exchange programs

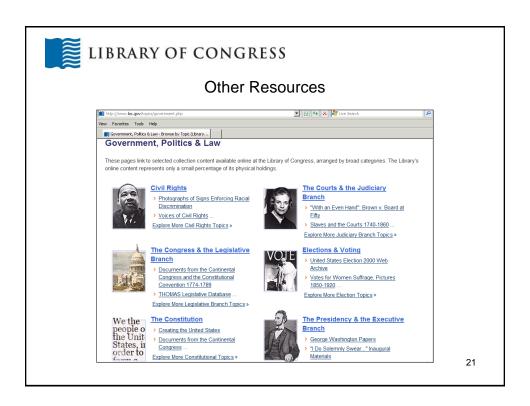


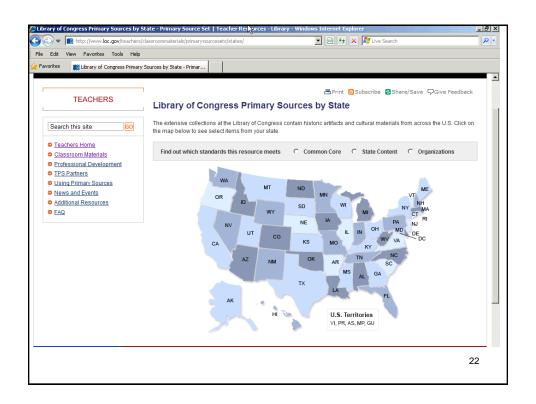


#### Other Government Publications

- Publications of large number of intergovernmental organizations, such as the United Nations
- Cataloged and dispersed through the collections
  - Discovery via OPAC
- Publications of foreign governments
  - Cataloged and dispersed through the collections
  - Collections in African and Middle Eastern Division, Asian Division, European Division, Hispanic Division, Law Library, Serial and Government Publications Division, general collection, and more
  - Discovery via OPAC









# **Government Documents and Challenges for** the Future

- · Same as those facing other libraries
  - Formats--choosing among formats for additions to the collections
  - Archiving--tangible and digital formats
  - Digitization
  - Budget and space

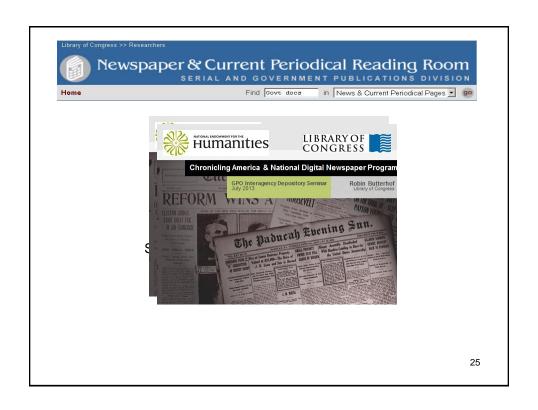
23



#### Reference

Library of Congress website: <a href="http://www.loc.gov">http://www.loc.gov</a>

- Newspaper and Current Periodical Reading Room homepage: <a href="http://www.loc.gov/rr/news/ncp.html">http://www.loc.gov/rr/news/ncp.html</a>
- Ask a Librarian: http://www.loc.gov/rr/askalib/ask-news.html
- Chat: <a href="http://www.loc.gov/rr/askalib/chat-news.php">http://www.loc.gov/rr/askalib/chat-news.php</a> (Monday-Friday, 2:00-3:00 p.m.)
- Telephone reference: 202-707-5690





# United States Newspaper Program, 1984-2010

#### **GOALS**

- To enhance access to historic American newspapers
- Inventory, catalog, and microfilm newspapers
- US Newspaper Directory
  - 140,000 titles cataloged, 900,000 holdings, more than 75 million pages filmed



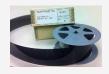


NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

NDNP / Chronicling America

n 27

# National Digital Newspaper Program, 2005-



 Successor to United States Newspaper Program (USNP) 1982-2011



NEH awards grants to state institutions to select and digitize pre-1922 US newspapers, usually from microfilm.

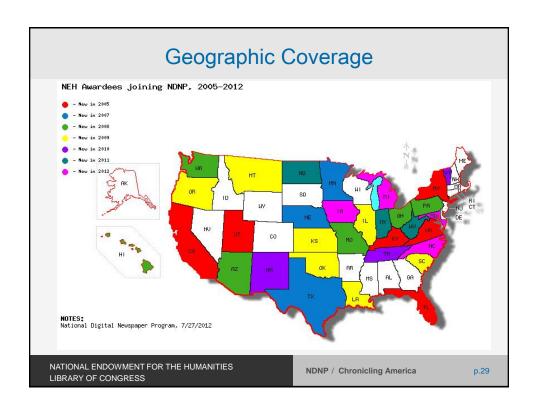


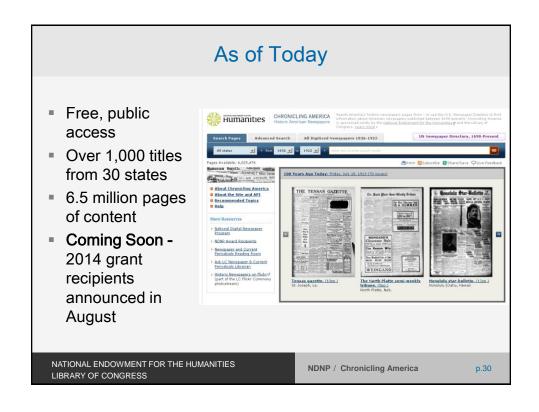
 LC collects the content, checks that it meets the standards of the project, and make it available through the Chronicling America website

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

NDNP / Chronicling America

p.28







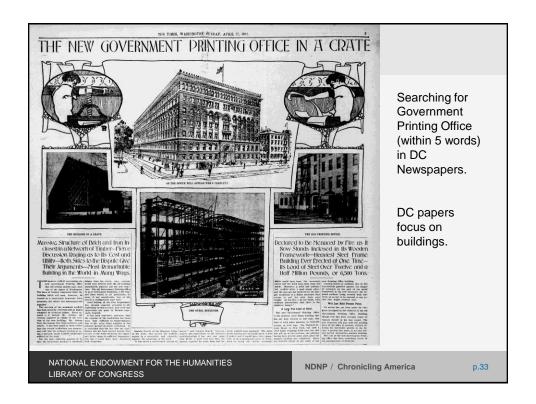
# http://chroniclingamerica.loc.gov/

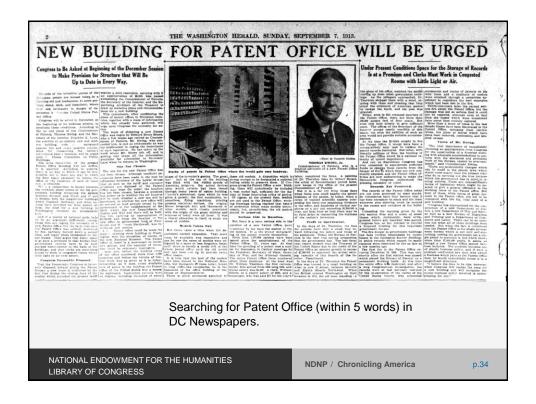
Let's get searching!

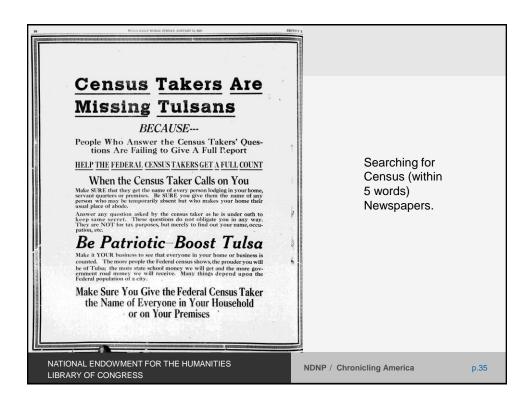
NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

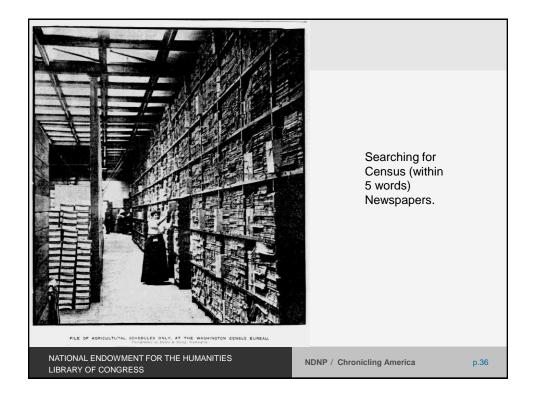
NDNP / Chronicling America

p.32











#### Topics in Chronicling America - Pure Food and Drug Act of 1906

The information and sample article links below provide access to a sampling of articles from historic newspapers that can be found in the Chronicling America: American Historic Newspapers digital collection <a href="http://chroniclingamerica.loc.gov/">http://chroniclingamerica.loc.gov/</a>). Use the Suggested Search Terms and Dates to explore this topic further in Chronicling America.

Jump to: Sample Articles

#### Important Dates:

- 1898-1899. Soldiers in the Spanish-American War die from eating badly-preserved meat or "embalmed beef," Two generals later testify before Congress about the scandal.
- November 1901. Children in St. Louis and Camden die from tainted vaccines.
- 1902-1906. A group of twelve volunteers, nicknamed the "poison squad," agree to eat food laced with common preservatives of the time, such as formaldehyde. The study is administered by Dr. Harvey Wiley, who is considered the father of the Food and Drug
- February 1906. Upton Sinclair publishes The Jungle, an expose of the meatpacking industry.
- June 30, 1906. President Theodore Roosevelt signs the Pure Food and Drug Act as well as the Meat

Context for historic legislation.

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

NDNP / Chronicling America

#### Topics in Chronicling America - Theodore Roosevelt's "Great White Fleet"

On the warm, cloudy morning of December 16, 1907, President Theodore Roosevelt's "Great White Fleet," a force of sixteen battleships bristling with guns and painted sparkling white, steam out of Hampton Roads, Virginia to begin its 43,000-mile, 14-month circumnavigation of the globe "to demonstrate to the world America's naval prowess." The four-mile-long armada's world tour included 20 port calls on six continents, and is widely considered one of the greatest peacetime achievements of the U.S. Navy. Read more about it!

The information and sample article links below provide access to a sampling of articles from historic newspapers that can be found in the Chronicling America: American Historic Newspapers digital collection (<a href="http://chroniclingamerica.loc.gov/">http://chroniclingamerica.loc.gov/</a>). Use the Suggested Search Terms and Dates to explore this topic further in Chronicling America.

Jump to: Sample Articles

#### Important Dates:

- July 1907; President Theodore Roosevelt commissions sixteen new battleships from the U.S Atlantic Fleet to make a voyage around the world to the Pacific.
- December 16, 1907: The Atlantic Fleet leaves Hampton Roads, VA headed towards South America. The fleet stops in Trinidad, Brazil, Chile, Peru, and Mexico before returning to the U.S.
- May 7, 1908: The Fleet arrives in San Francisco, CA.
- July 7, 1908: The Fleet departs San Francisco bound for eastern Asia. It stops in Hawaii, New Zealand, Australia, the Philippines, Japan, and China.



**Topics Pages:** Presidential Administrations: **Great White** Fleet

NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

NDNP / Chronicling America

p.38