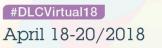




More Sunshine: Shedding Light on Copyright Instruction & Open Access

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SCHOLARLY COMMUNICATION INSTRUCTION

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University of Washington Seattle

April 19, 2018





Hello from University of Washington Seattle!





AGENDA

- I. You and your work
- II. Scholarly communication generally
- III. Teaching about copyright and related issues
- IV. Depository librarians' unique teaching advantages
- V. Conclusion



POLLS

- What best describes your work environment?
- How do you teach, broadly speaking? Check all that apply.
- Who are your audiences? Check all that apply.

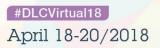




WHAT IS SCHOLARLY COMMUNICATION NOW?

Scholarly communications librarians at University of Washington recently tried to diagram the work they do . . .







SCHOLARLY COMMUNICATION GENERALLY

- It's a broad spectrum of topics that touch all phases of research.
- It's a changing landscape.

• Definitions vary, and often include peer review, rights management, preservation, and sharing of research.





POLL

What aspect(s) of scholarly communication do you explain most often as a government documents librarian?

- Authors' rights
- Accessibility of research, e.g., is it available to the public?
- Questions of research quality, e.g., is this a trustworthy source?
- How to publish in an open publication
- None
- Other Please fill in the blank.





Sometimes intellectual property law seems like this.



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- [P]erhaps someone from the library might be willing to come to the class and present a short talk (perhaps 20-30min?) offering practical guidance on how to properly approach IP issues
- I'm hoping you can present to my class for an hour or so . . . on copyright and fair use.
- Is it possible to go over the 5 Pillars and the university, and perhaps a quick case study, then do questions? (30 minutes)
- Perhaps Maryam could lead the discussion on copyright (roughly 20 minutes) . . .

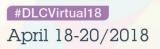






"It's difficult to have a short conversation about copyright."

- Maryam Fakouri

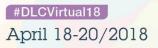




Ask for more class time!

Consider your audience's needs. Syllabi provide context.

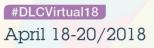
Consider class format. Can you do group activities?





Copyright protects "original works of authorship fixed in any tangible medium of expression." This is a lot of stuff. But federal government information is an exception!

Activity: Sort works that are protected by © from things that are not.





Copyright lasts a long time, and figuring the end date can be complicated. It's prudent to assume anything created after 1923 is protected.

Activity: Think of a work, research its date of creation, and use an online tool to determine whether it's still protected by copyright.

- Copyright Term and the Public Domain in the US https://copyright.cornell.edu/publicdomain
- Digital Copyright Slider http://librarycopyright.net/resources/digitalslider/index.html

Bonus challenge: Who owns the rights?





Copyright is a bundle of exclusive rights.

Activity: Sort activities that are exclusive rights of copyright owners from activities that are not.



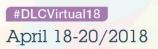
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Decision tree for using works whose copyright is owned by someone else

- 1. Is the work in the public domain? If yes, stop.
- 2. Does the work have a Creative Commons license that allows your use? If yes, stop.
- 3. Does the university have a license that allows your use? If yes, stop.
- 4. Is there a safe harbor in copyright law the allows your use? If yes, stop.
- **5. Is your use fair use?** If yes, stop.
- 6. Seek permission to use the work.



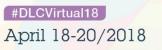


Fair use is very important and takes time to understand.

Share practical tools.

- Fair use checklist
- Fair use evaluator

Discuss cases that relate to your audience's needs.





Fair use checklist

https://copyright.columbia.edu/content/dam/copyright/Precedent%20Docs/fairusechecklist.pdf

FACTOR	AGAINST FAIR USE	FOR FAIR USE
Purpose of use		
Nature of work		
Amount and substantiality		
Effect on market		

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Fair use evaluator

http://librarycopyright.net/resources/fairuse/index.php



What this tool can do for you:

- Help you better understand how to determine the "fairness" of a use under the U.S. Copyright Code.
- Collect, organize & archive the information you might need to support a fair use evaluation.
- Provide you with a time-stamped, PDF document for your records [example], which could prove valuable, should you ever be asked by a copyright holder to provide your fair use evaluation and the data you used to support it. [why is this important?]
- Provide access to educational materials, external copyright resources, and contact information for copyright help at local & national levels.

What this tool cannot do for you:

- This tool does not provide legal advice. It records the information you provide it as well as your own judgment on the fairness of the use. See the tool <u>[disclaimer]</u> for more information.
- Only a court of law can definitively rule on whether a use is fair or unfair. This tool does not assume or predict a court outcome.

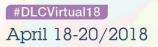




Fair use activities

Case studies

- Guided fair use analysis
- Role playing





GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS LIBRARIANS' TEACHING ADVANTAGES

Most federal government information is available to the public at no cost!

You have a natural platform to explain scholarly communication issues such as database costs, licenses, initiatives to make information publicly available.



THANK YOU!

Hopefully copyright education now seems less like this . . .



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... and more like this.



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Library Support for Open Access

Liz Bedford
Scholarly Publishing Outreach Librarian
University of Washington Libraries



What do you mean 'Open Access'?

- It depends...
 - Open Data
 - Open Educational Resources
 - Open Monographs
 - Public Scholarship
- For today:
 - Scholarly Journal Publishing



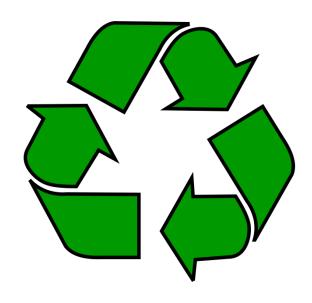




What do you mean 'Open Access'? (Free Beer vs. Free Society)

Freedom to access materials

Freedom to re-use materials





Why bother?

- Access Issues
 - Better for authors
 - More eyes = more exposure
 - Better for scholarship
 - Allows the global south to take part in the scholarly conversation
 - Better for society
 - Doctors and patients
 - Journalists
 - K-12 educators and students

- Rights Issues
 - Authors need copyright to:
 - Teach with their work
 - Upload their work to their websites
 - Re-use charts and graphs
 - Email articles to friends



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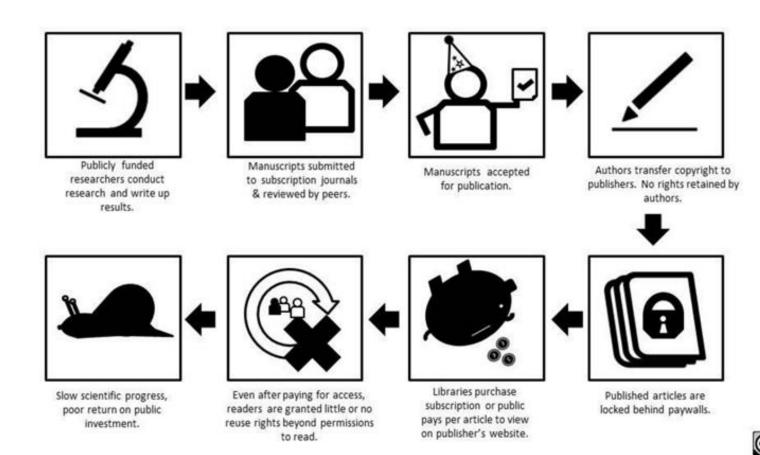
Scholarly Publishing Landscape



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Paula Callan & Sarah Brown, QUT 2014 CO











Importance in Tenure & Promotion

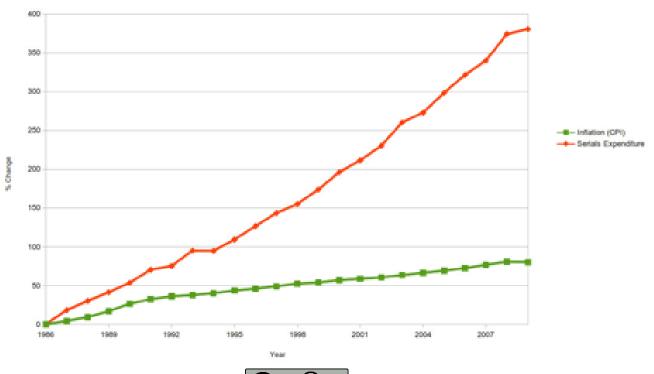


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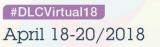


Serials Crisis

- Libraries on the front lines of for-profit publisher dependency
- Expenditures increased at nearly 5 times the rate of inflation 1986-2008









Libraries' Role

Then:

- Access
- Preservation

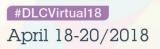
Now???



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Open Access Landscape





Changing Conversation Among Scholars

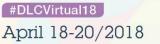
- Funder mandates
- Reproducibility
- Growing awareness of injustice of the current system



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Green OA – Alternate Distribution Models

Disciplinary OR Institutional repositories



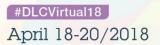






Green OA Issues

- Versioning
- Where to look
- Where to deposit
- Confusion about rights

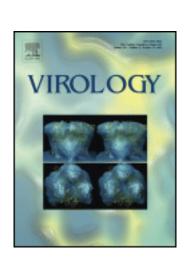




Gold OA – Alternate Funding Models



Author pays Article Processing
 Charges (APCs)



 Hybrid - APCs
 PLUS
 Subscription Fees





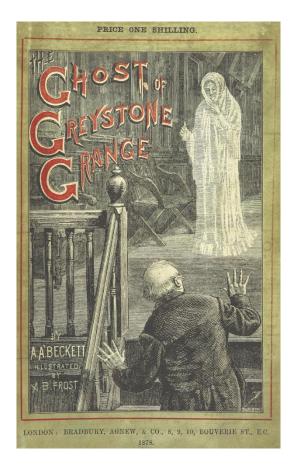
Gold OA Issues

- Excluding researchers who can't pay
- Scholarly infrastructure still owned/controlled by for-profit publishers
 - Enormous APCs
 - Limited re-use (in some cases)



Specter of 'Predatory Publishers'

 Yes, it's a problem. An info lit problem.

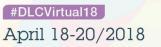




Re-thinking Libraries' Role

- What are we good at?
 - Discipline-neutral
 - Long-term thinking

- What's falling through the cracks?
 - Access and/or preservation





Re-thinking Libraries' Role

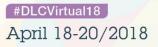
Platforms













Thank you!

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Questions?