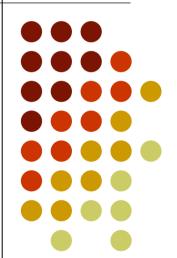
# Teaching Government Information

Using Government Information to Teach Evaluation of Sources



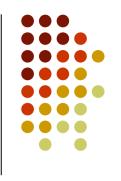
Karen Hogenboom University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign hogenboo@uiuc.edu

### **Audience**



- Enrolled in freshman rhetoric course
- Facing first college research paper
- Knowledge base:
  - Online catalog
  - General article indexes (i.e. Ebsco, Infotrac)
  - General search engines

### Rhetoric 105



- "Study of the methods of exposition, the problems of argument, the use of evidence, and style; practice in expository writing."
  - Narrowing a topic
  - Evaluation of sources
  - Critical thinking

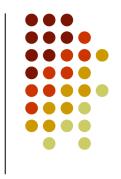


# **Information Literacy Compentency Standards for Higher Education**

Association of College and Research Libraries

http://www.ala.org/ala/acrl/acrlstandards/informationliteracycompetency.htm

### **Instructional Goals**



 Information Literacy Competency Standards for Higher Education: Standard 3

 The information literate student evaluates information and its sources critically and incorporates selected information into his or her knowledge base and value system.

## Instructional Goals, continued



 Performance Indicator 2: The information literate student articulates and applies initial criteria for evaluating both the information and its sources.

## Instructional Goals, continued



#### Outcomes

- Examines and compares information from various sources in order to evaluate reliability, validity, accuracy, authority, timeliness, and point of view or bias.
- Recognizes the cultural, physical, or other context within which the information was created and understands the impact of context on interpreting the information.

# Point of View and Context of Information



- Democratic vs. Republican administrations
  - Global warming
  - Social Security
- Executive vs. legislative branch
  - Military appropriations
  - Space exploration

# Reliability, Validity and Accuracy



- Trustworthiness of sources themselves
  - Primary sources
  - Influence of point of view
- Trustworthiness of secondary sources that cite government information

### **Models of Source Evaluation**



Legislative Process

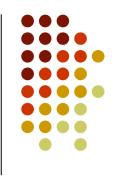
- Bill as hypothesis or proposed solution
- Hearing as gathering of sources
- Report as conclusions and evaluation of arguments

# Models of Source Evaluation, continued



- Legislative process, cont.
  - Floor debate as persuasion
- Agencies that analyze and evaluate
  - 9-11 Commission
  - Congressional Research Service
  - Etc...

### Results



- Instructors have an example to teach students to interact with sources
- Students know how to evaluate the information their government provides and can apply these skills to other sources
- Librarians have started students on the road to participating in democracy