Code of Federal Regulations: Tracking Updated Regulations

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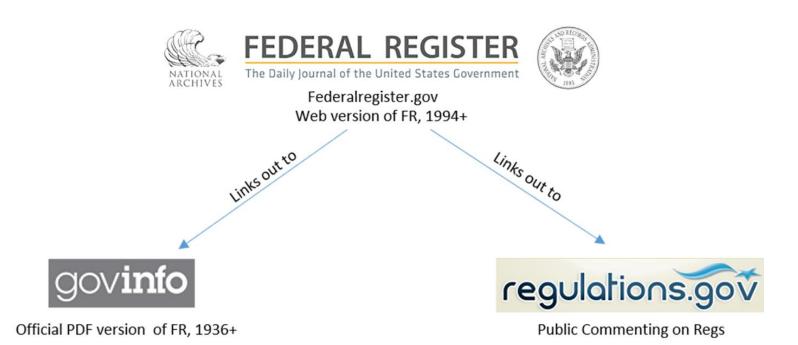
Abstract

Are you perplexed by regulations? The Code of Federal Regulations, the codification of the general and permanent rules published in the Federal Register, is getting easier to use all the time with recent technology advances. We will review the function of the Code of Federal Regulations and the relationship with the Federal Register in the context of the federal rulemaking process. We will look at the traditional way of tracking changes to regulations, and then compare that with the new Electronic CFR (eCFR).

Relationship of .gov web sites



Regulatory Overview and Unified Agenda



Rulemaking 101: reginfo.gov

Some of the procedures described in the Reg Map, such as OMB review, only apply to executive

agencies (i.e., Cabinet departments and independent agencies that answer directly to the President), while others, such as APA public notice-and-comment requirements and the PRA

Step 5

Publish the

An agency must publish "eithe the terms or substance of the proposed rule or a description of the subjects and issues

oublication for federal agenc actions. See APA sec. 553(b).

The NPRM also must include:

Statement of the time, place, and nature of public

ulemaking proceedings

Reference to the legal authority under which the

What Is

rule is proposed Regulation Identifier Number

involved" in the Federal Register, the official daily

NPRM

also apply to independent regulatory agencies (i.e., boards and commissions listed in 44 U.S.C.

The Reg Map® Informal Rulemaking

ICF staff are experts in drafting rulemaking documents and preparing supporting analyses. I Visit us at Icf.com/regsupport Also check out of com/commantworks for a laster, cheaper, and better way to respond to public commants on proposative. To request a copy of the Reg Map, please email us at Beg/Maptilic.com. Copyright 6200b by ICF Incorporated. All rights reserved. This document may not be reproduced in any form without permissi

Step 7



This Reg Map is a primer on the federal government agency "informal" rulemaking process. The Reg Map reflects general requirements that apply to most federal agency nulemakings. In rare cases, the APA requires trial-type, or "formal," procedures to develop a rule. Other statutes that apply to a specific agency, program, or subject may impose or permit different procedural steps (e.g., mandating negotiated rulemaking to develop a proposed rule).

Must all rulemakings follow all Reg Map steps?

In a typical case, a rulemaking action would proceed from Step 1 to Step 9, including OMB review at the proposed and final stages for certain kinds of significant regulatory actions, per E.O. 12866 As the Reg Map shows, however, Congress has exempted some rulemaking actions from APA ents. In addition, when stakeholders have challenged regulatory actions, courts have interpreted APA requirements over time, influencing how agencies carry out rulemaking procedures at a practical level, some of which is explained in the Reg Map.

Step 4

and survive judicial review.

Send Proposed Rule to OMB for Review

OMB will review any rule an agency or OIRA considers "significant" under E.O. 12866. See E.O. 12866 ser 6. (OIRA is the OMB office executive branch review of agency rulemaking documen and reviewing agency ICRs under the PRA.)

 10-day OMB review for agency's preliminary "significant" determinati The NPRM must explain:

* Logal basis: The statutory
authority to issue rules for
the regulated entities and the
subject area

* Proposed provisions: A
presentation of the proposed
rule text or a description of "significant" determination

90-day OMB review for rule,
assessments, and analyses
(120 days if director of OMB
grants extension)

OIRA may waive review Agency head may request extension

An agency must submit with the rule an RIA (i.e., cost-benefit Interagency review coordination: OMB may circulate an NPRM to other agencies interested in the

Frequently Asked Questions

How Should Agencies Draft Rulemaking Documents?

3502(5)). Following APA requirements and other applicable authorities that affect the rulemaking process is the best way for all agencies to develop final rules that will meet regulatory objectives Develop a Final Rule

Step 6

Comments

Analyze Public An agency must give the puc a meaningful opportunity to submit written comments, in paper or electronic form, and it must consider all "relevant matter presented." See APA sec. 553(c). E.O. 12866 recommends a comment per of at least 60 days.

of the basis and purpose for the agency decision. See APA sec. 553(d). Final rule choices must not be "arbitrary and capricious" (i.e., fail to provide a rational basis for the decision). See 5 U.S.C. 706. A final rule must be within The E-Government Act of 2002 requires agencies to provide for electronic filing of public comments and make dockets available online (Pub. L. 107-347 sec. 206(d)). See www. outgrowth" of the proposed rule. A final rule can be

substantially different from the NPRM so long as the agency the public of the possibility for changes of the type tha Final rule documents: Final rule documents: Explain the provisions adopted and the reasons for the agency's decisions, including a discussion of changes from the NPRM Discuss and respond to significant public commen

Update and finalize analyses

begun in Step 3

Specific Analyses for Steps 3 and 7

APA requirements noted above to mean that agencie must provide responses to significant issues raised in the comments. Significant issues are relevant points that, if adopted, would require a change to the agency's proposed rule.

Most Frequent Analyses

E.O. 12866 and E.O. 13563.

. Raise novel legal or policy issues

* Quantified and monetized costs and

If a rule is significant but the annual effect is less than \$100 million, an agency must analy costs and benefits of the selected approach.

RIA required for "significant regulatory actions," which include those that would:

* Have a \$100 million or more annual effect on the economy (in current dollars)

If the annual effect is \$100 million or more, the rule is "economically significant" and requires: * Cost-benefit analysis of policy alternatives

Regulatory Review

regulations.gov, the online portal for submitting public comments.

Step 8

Send Final Rule to OMB for Review

schedule accounts for at leas a 90-day OMB review period for significant rules. OIRA m permit a shorter period of review in exigent circumsta-

permit a shorter period of review in exigent circumstancer. The agency must revise the regulatory package to addres OMB concerns and respond to any interagency review comments. E.O. 12866 also

branch about the substance branch about the substance of a regulatory action under review. After publication of the regulatory action in the Faddral Register, an agency must identify for the public the substantive changes between the draft submitted to OIRA for review and the action subsequently announced plus the changes it made at OMB's recommendation or suggestion

Regulatory Flexibility Act

Applies to rules that may have a "significan economic impact on a substantial numb of small entities" (SEISNOSE), if APA or other statutory notice and comment is

other stantory notice and commert is required.
An agency must analyze small-entity impacts and intigate them if possible, impacts and intigate them if possible, as a small continuous estimate the number of small entities effected and the potential effects on them and consider alternatives to reduce the impacts.
If there is no ESENOSE, the agency may certify as used and pouche the basis for the possible of the p

(5 U.S.C. ch. 6)

Step 9

Publish Final Rule Effective date: The APA specifies that agency rules generally may not take effect until at least 30 days after publication in the Federal

Register, except for a substar rule that grants an exemption rule that grants an esemption or relieves a restriction or for other "good cause." See APA sec. 553(d). Agencies can set a more delayed effective date (date on which regulatory changes are implemented in CFR for some or all rule provisions and can set an even more delayed compliance date (date by which regulated persons must comply) for some or all of the rule requirements.

Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. ch. 8): Under the CRA and supporting information to the House, the Senate, and the GAO. Bules defined as "major" under the CRA may not take effect for at least 60 days (30 days for non-major may with earn and take the control of the contr

Had no statutory authority to issue the rule criteria for issuing rules or considered factors not allowed by the statute

outgrowth" of the proposal no NPRM with inadequate

comments

Reached an "arbitrary and capricious" decision (i.e., provided no rational basis for the action) (see 5 U.S.C. 706). See www.ocfr.gov for the latest unofficial version of the CF

with Legal Published in CFF

- * At least every 3 years, an agency must update, and OMB must approve, any collection

Frequently Used Rulemaking

Terms and Abbreviations			
ANTEM	Advance Notice of Proposed Rulemaking		
APA	Administrative Procedure Act		
cto	Council on Environmental Quality		
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations		
CRA	Congressional Review Act		
DOH	Document Drafting Handbook		
E.O.	Executive Order		

Patterns of accidents or Public comments on RFIs

Retrospective analyses of existing regulations Recommendations from the President, OMB, other agencies, congressional committees, federal

Step 1

Consider

Initiating Events

Laws enacted by Congress
 Court decisions
 Agency initiatives from various sources, including:
 Agency plans and priorities
 New data, sechnologies, or research

Changes in the regulated

Regulatory

Step 2

Decide Whether **Public Notice Is**

Needed Needed
Unless other exemptions
spply, APA sec. 553 request to
propose a rule or a thousing
of "good cause"—an agency
demonstration that notice and
comment are "impracticable,
unnecessary, or contrary to
the public interest! Comit
Steps 3 through 6J. Generally,
this exemption applies only
to cases where the rule is a
minor determination in which

the public is not interested

otice would defeat the

"Good cause" options:

 Regulatory background and history
 Alternatives the agency is considering Emergency rules
 Interim final rules (omit Steps Analyses describing compliance with applicable statutes or executive orders

3 through 6 but provide comment period and final rule after Step 9) • Rules that codify statutory language where agency has no discretion to change the provision Direct final rules (stream

rules; must be withdrawn if opposed) Other exemptions include interpretive rules; general

NPRM (proposes specific provisions with rationale and seeks comment)

and data to help develop a

Negotiated Rulemaking?

Step 3

Develop a

Proposed Rule

An NPRM proposes to add, revise, remove, or re-designate CFR provisions, and it must consist of a description or statement of the proposed regulatory text and a preamble to inform a non-expert reader

of the proposal's basis and purpose. See 1 CFR 18.12.

the issues Rationale for each proposed

rationale for each proposal provision. An explanation of why a rule is needed; what it would accomplish; and what data, research, analyses, and assumptions were used to develop the rule.

Rule preamble should discuss

Analyses begun in Step 3 must be finalized in Step 7.

The NPRM must explain:

Paperwork Reduction Act

- Public meetings and Federal Register solicitations for public comment are not collections of information under the PRA (see 5 CFR 1320.3(h))
- The PRA applies broadly and is not limited to information collections in regulatory provisions

Published Annually in Quarterly Installments

- A full set of the CFR consists of approximately 200 volumes. The approximately 200 CFR volumes are revised at least once a year on a quarterly basis as follows:
- Titles 1 -- 16 as of January 1
- Titles 17 -- 27 as of April 1
- Titles 28 -- 41 as of July 1
- Titles 42 -- 50 as of October 1

CFR History

 A Research Guide to the Federal Register and the Code of Federal Regulations. From Law Librarian's Society of Washington, DC.

https://www.llsdc.org/fr-cfr-research-guide

"The Federal Register, faithfully prepared and published every workday since 1936, and the annual Code of Federal Regulations which it supplements, are considered to be the core documents of the Executive Branch of the U.S. Government, and as such have become indispensable to the Government's operations and to its communication to the public which it serves."

--Richard J. McKinney on the Law Librarian's Society of Washington, DC website at https://www.llsdc.org/fr-cfr-research-guide

Code of Federal Regulations



Traditional Way of Cross-walking from FR to CFR

Troubles one

Troubles and Register Issued daily

Tedious

Troubles and Register Issued daily

Troubles and Register Issued annually

CFR

LSA

LISA

LISA

LISA

LIST of CFR Sections Affected Issued monthly
Shows changes to CFR
sections as reflected in FR

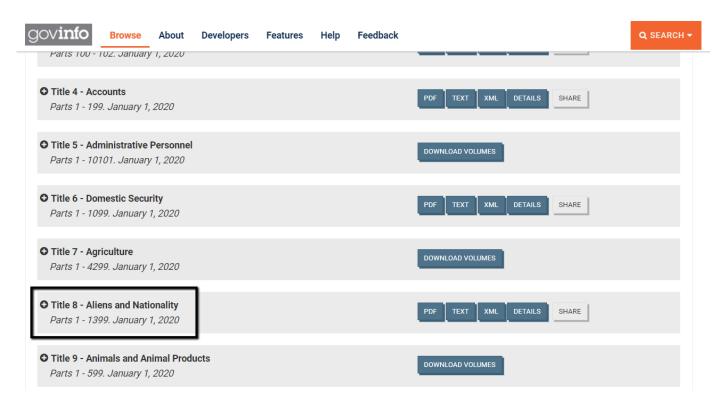
Code of Federal Regulations Issued annually

Traditional Way of CFR to FR Lookup

- Check current CFR
- Check any cumulations of LSA
- Check monthly LSA
- Check FR cumulated indexed
- Check daily FR indexes

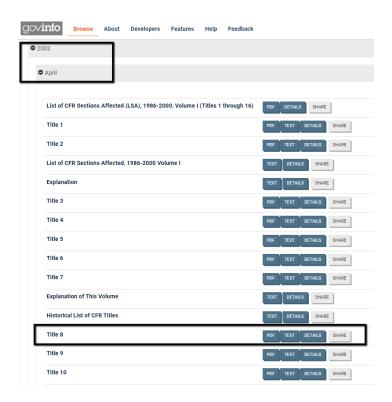
Traditional Way: Check Current CFR

 Check most recent CFR volume and see when it was published.



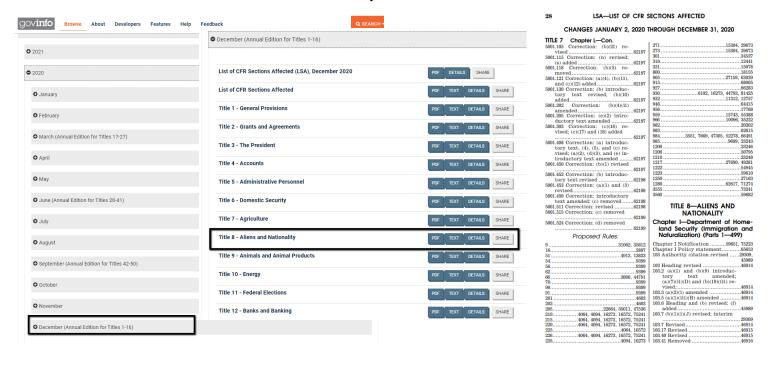
Traditional Way: Check Any LSA Compilations

 Check LSA Compilations (but there haven't been any published since April 2002)



Traditional Way: Check Monthly LSA

 Check LSA Monthly since last CFR, in this case, every month since January, 2020. But you can look for the Annual Edition, if it exists:

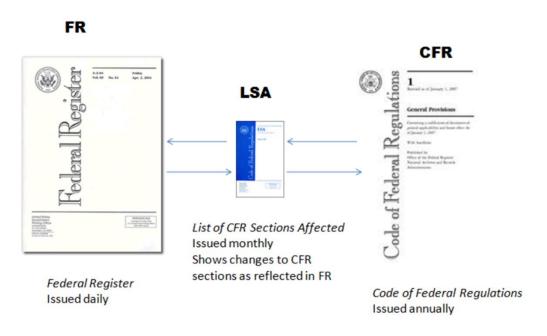


Traditional Way: Check Federal Register (Indexes first, then each day)

 Look for the section of CFR you are interested in, then go to the relevant page in the Federal Register

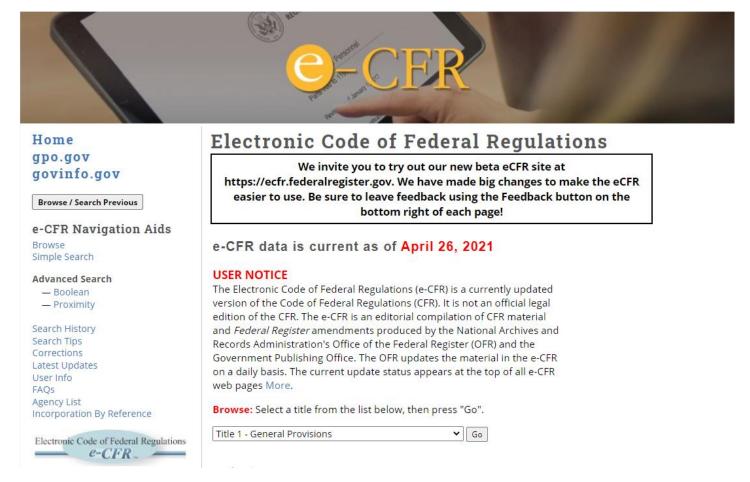
28	LSA-LIST OF CFI	FR SECTIONS AFFECTED
CH	ANGES JANUARY 2, 202	20 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2020
TITLE 7 C 5001.105 Cc 5001.105 Cc 5001.115 Co 5001.115 Co 5001.115 Co 5001.115 Co 5001.115 Co 5001.125 Cc moved. 5001.125 Cc and (c)(5001.125 Cc and (c)(5001.205 Cc and (c)(5	chapter L—Con. Description: (b)(21) re- Trection: (b)(21) re- Trection: (b)(3) re- Electronic (a)(4), (b)(1), 12) added. Electronic (a)(4), (b)(1), 12) added. Electronic (b)(4)(4), Electronic (b)(4)(4), Electronic (b)(4)(4), Electronic (b)(4)(4), Electronic (b)(4)(4), Electronic (b)(4)(4), Electronic (b)(4), E	271
5001.524 Cor	rection: (c) removed	Chapter I—Department of Home-
16. 51. 54. 56. 62. 66. 70. 90. 91. 201 202 205. 210 215. 220 225.	31062, 358 4913, 138 4913, 138 500 500 491 491 491 491 491 491 491 4	Sept

That's Time-Consuming and Painful



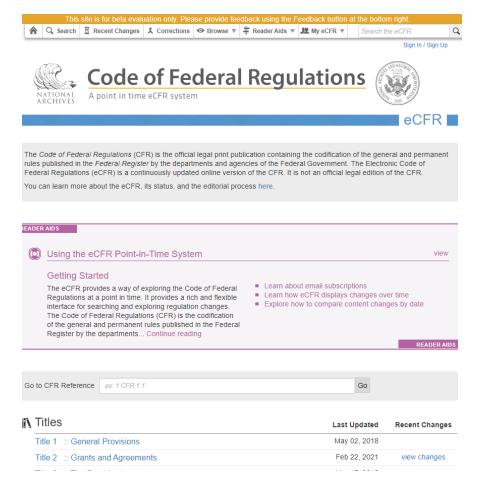
And now it is unnecessary!

Current eCFR Version



https://www.ecfr.gov/

Beta eCFR Version — Even Better

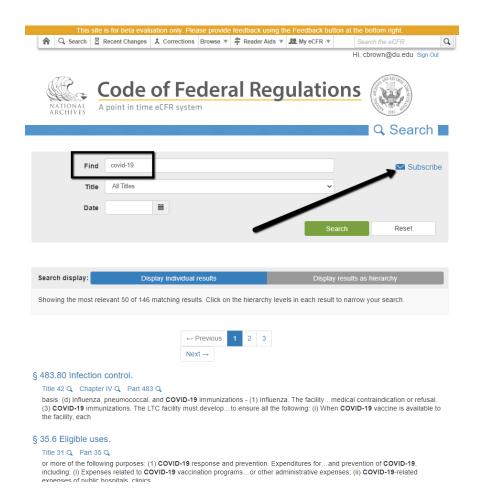


https://ecfr.federalregister.gov/

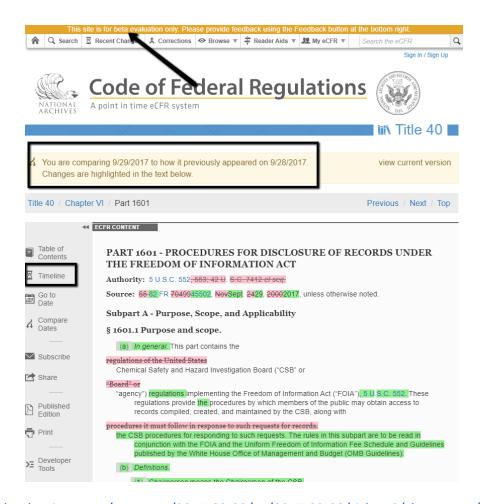
Beta eCFR

- View daily changes, title by title, "on or before" a date, or "on or after" a date
- Browse by title
- Browse by agency
- Point-in-Time system
- Subscribe to changes to sections you want to track
 - Changes in CFR titles
 - Changes to keyword searches

Subscriptions Notify You of Changes



See example of changes for 40 CFR 1601



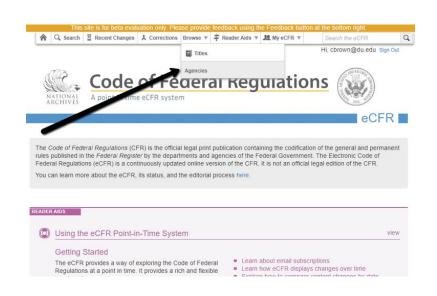
Three Views for Beta eCFR

- Table of Contents View
- Agency View
- Changes View

Table of Contents View (from Home Page or Browse by Title)

Titles	Last Updated	Recent Changes
Title 1 :: General Provisions	May 02, 2018	
Title 2 :: Grants and Agreements	Jun 02, 2021	view changes
Title 3 :: The President	Mar 17, 2015	
Title 4 :: Accounts	May 01, 2018	
Title 5 :: Administrative Personnel	Jun 08, 2021	view changes
Title 6 :: Domestic Security	May 03, 2021	view changes
Title 7 :: Agriculture	Jun 15, 2021	view changes
Title 8 :: Aliens and Nationality	May 25, 2021	view changes
Title 9 :: Animals and Animal Products	Mar 11, 2021	view changes
Title 10 :: Energy	Jun 16, 2021	view changes
Title 11 :: Federal Elections	Jan 11, 2021	view changes
Title 12 :: Banks and Banking	Jun 04, 2021	view changes
Title 13 :: Business Credit and Assistance	May 18, 2021	view changes
Title 14 :: Aeronautics and Space	Jun 17, 2021	view changes
Title 15 :: Commerce and Foreign Trade	Jun 16, 2021	view changes
Title 16 :: Commercial Practices	May 26, 2021	view changes
Title 17 :: Commodity and Securities Exchanges	Jun 14, 2021	view changes
Title 18 :: Conservation of Power and Water Resources	Jun 14, 2021	view changes
Title 19 :: Customs Duties	Jun 16, 2021	view changes
Title 20 :: Employees' Benefits	May 25, 2021	view changes
Title 21 :: Food and Drugs	Jun 14, 2021	view changes

Agency View – some agencies show up in various parts of CFR





Administrative Conference of the United States	1 CFR Chapter III
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation	36 CFR Chapter VIII
Advocacy and Outreach, Office of	7 CFR Chapter XXV
Afghanistan Reconstruction, Special Inspector General for	5 CFR Chapter LXXXIII
African Development Foundation	22 CFR Chapter XV
Federal Acquisition Regulation	48 CFR Chapter 57
Agency for International Development	2 CFR Chapter VII
	22 CFR Chapter II
Federal Acquisition Regulation	48 CFR Chapter 7
Agricultural Marketing Service	7 CFR Chapter I
	7 CFR Chapter VIII
	7 CFR Chapter IX
	7 CFR Chapter X
	7 CFR Chapter XI
	9 CFR Chapter II
Agricultural Research Service	7 CFR Chapter V
Agriculture, Department of	2 CFR Chapter IV
	5 CFR Chapter LXXIII
Advocacy and Outreach, Office of	7 CFR Chapter XXV
Agricultural Marketing Service	7 CFR Chapter I
	7 CFR Chapter VIII
	7 CFR Chapter IX
	7 CFR Chapter X
	7 CFR Chapter XI
	9 CFR Chapter II

Changes View – From TOC



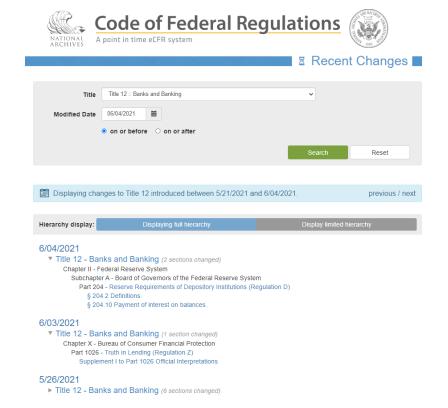


IIIN Titles I

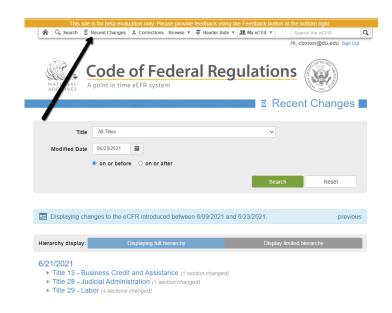
The Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) is the codification of the general and permanent rules published in the Federal Register by the departments and agencies of the Federal Government.

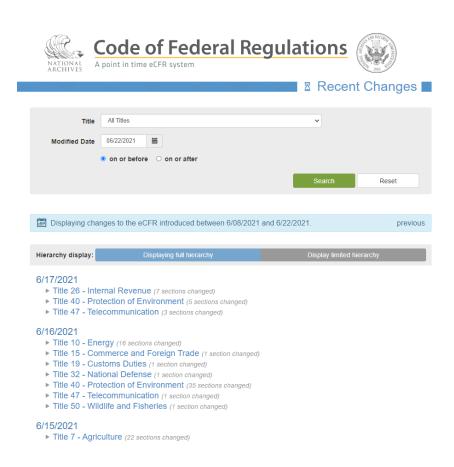
It is divided into 50 titles that represent broad areas subject to Federal regulation. Each title is divided into chapters, which usually bear the name of the issuing agency. Each chapter is further subdivided into parts that cover specific regulatory areas. Large parts may be subdivided into subparts. All parts are organized in sections, and most citations to the CFR refer to material at the section level.

Go to CFR Reference ex: 1 CFR 1.1 **III** Titles Last Updated **Recent Changes** Title 1 :: General Provisions May 02, 2018 Title 2 :: Grants and Agreements Jun 02, 2021 view changes Title 3 :: The President Mar 17, 2015 Title 4 :: Accounts May 01, 2018 Title 5 :: Administrative Personnel Jun 08, 2021 view changes May 03, 2021 Title 6 :: Domestic Security view changes Jun 18 2021 Title 7 :: Agriculture view changes May 25, 2021 Title 8 :: Aliens and Nationality view changes Title 9 :: Animals and Animal Products 11 2021 view changes Title 10 :: Energy Jun view changes Title 11 :: Federal Elections Jan 11, 202 view changes Title 12 :: Banks and Banking Jun 04, 2021 view changes Title 13 :: Business Credit and Assistance



Changes View – Recent Changes

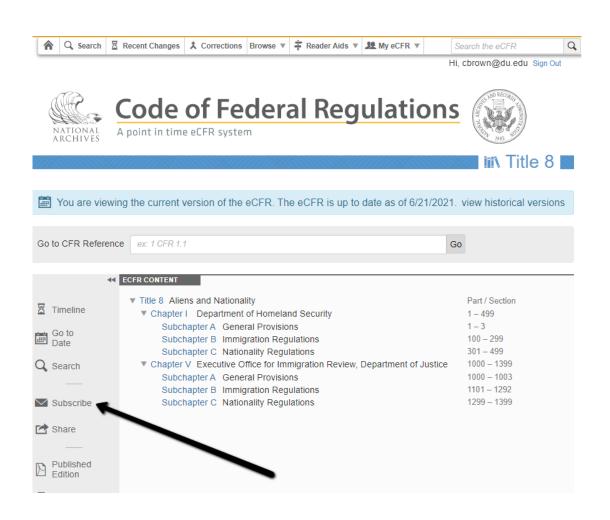




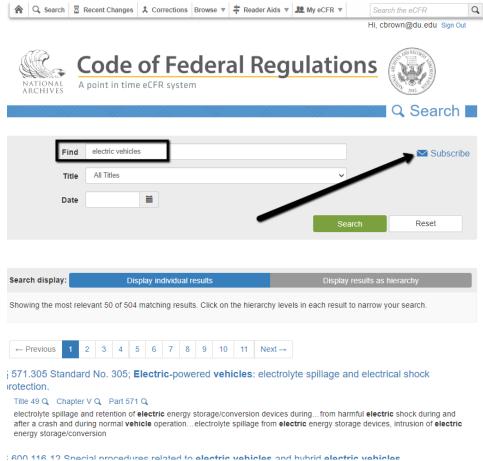
Changes View — Between any two points in time



Subscribe to Changes

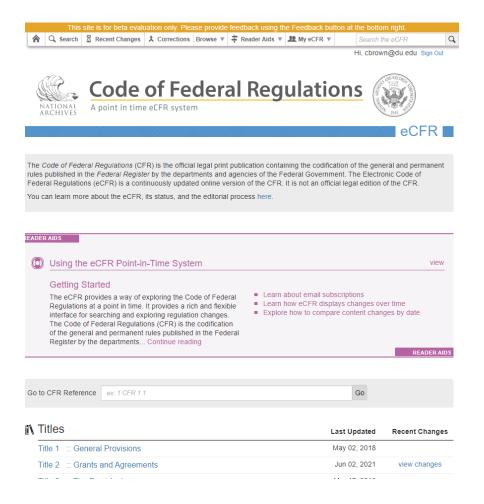


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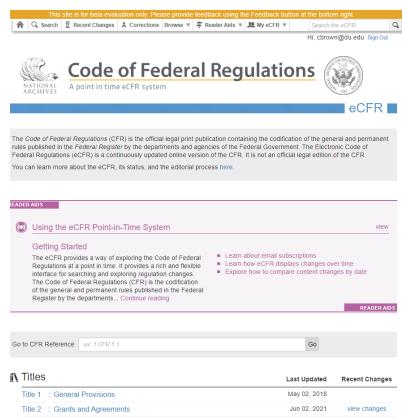
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Questions





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